

POPULATION RESETTLEMENT ACTION PLANS (RAP)

 **Dates and duration to be agreed upon**

 **Location to be agreed**

Please contact us for a personalised quote

OBJECTIVES

- Master the institutional conditions and procedures relating to compliance with population resettlement policies.
- Master the requirements of the donors (in particular, the World Bank's Operational Directive 4.30).
- Be capable of monitoring the stages of implementing a resettlement action plan (RAP) by managing the associated risks.

THE BENEFITS OF YOUR TRAINING

- - Skills-based approach
- Interactive teaching
- Practical cases, sharing of experiences

TARGET AUDIENCE

Project coordinators Environmental and social experts

GOOD TO KNOW

Example of a 5 days programme

EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMME

Module 1

National and international requirements in terms of involuntary population displacement

- Resettlement caused by major infrastructure development projects.
- National regulations, particularly in terms of access to land and expropriation.
- International standards for involuntary population resettlement plans (based on the World Bank's Operational Directive 4.30).

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Module 2

Stages of designing a resettlement action plan

- The linkages between the RAP and the other plans associated with the environmental and social impact assessments.
- Describing the affected populations and their socio-economic environment.
- Characterising the resettlement site to be found, and identifying potential sites.
- Anticipating the risks: informing and involving the project affected people (including the host populations).
- Defining resettlement strategies.
- Budgeting the RAP.

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Module 3

Monitoring the implementation of a resettlement action plan

- Analysing the prior condition of the project site: describing the socio-economic environment and carrying out the social, societal and anthropological surveys.
- Identifying the affected households: conducting the comprehensive census of their assets and performing field surveys.
- Compensation process (individual, community).
- Designing and implementing the monitoring and evaluation system: criteria and indicators, monitoring the wellbeing of the populations (resettled and host).
- Durability and capitalising on experience: tracking complaints with a grievance mechanism, and implementing mitigation measures.

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 **Prerequisites :** None